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(h) Exception to credit. The regional director (compliance) shall deny any tax credit taken under paragraph (a) of this section where it is determined that the allowance of such credit would benefit a person who would otherwise fail to qualify for the use of such credit. (26 U.S.C. 5041(c))

[T.D. ATF-307, 55 FR 52737, Dec. 21, 1990]

§24.279 Tax adjustments.

(a) Tax adjustment for persons who produce more than the amount used in computation of the credit. Where an adjustment to a person's tax return is necessary as a result of an incorrect credit rate claimed pursuant to §24.278, such adjustment shall be made on Excise Tax Return, ATF F 5000.24 no later than the return period in which production (or the production of the controlled group of which the person is a member) exceeds the amount used in computation of the credit. The adjustment is the difference between the credit taken for prior return periods in that year and the appropriate credit for such return periods. The person shall make tax adjustments for all bonded wine premises where excessive credits were taken against tax that year, and shall include interest payable under 26 U.S.C. 6601 from the date on which the incorrect credit was taken. The regional director (compliance) will provide information, when requested, regarding interest rates applicable to specific time periods. In the case of a controlled group of bonded wine premises whose production exceeds the amount used in computation of the credit, all member proprietors who took incorrect credits shall make tax adjustments as determined in this section.

(b) Tax adjustment for persons who produce less than the amount used in computation of the credit. Where a person fails to deduct the credit, or deducts less than the appropriate credit provided by §24.278, during the calendar year, a claim may be filed for refund of tax excessively paid. Such claims will be filed in accordance with §24.69 of this part.

(26 U.S.C. 5041(c))

[T.D. ATF-307, 55 FR 52737, Dec. 21, 1990]

TRANSFER OF WINE IN BOND

§24.280 General.

Wine may be removed for transfer in bond, from one bonded wine premises to another bonded wine premises or to a distilled spirits plant. For bulk wine transferred in bond between adjacent or contiguous bonded wine premises or to an adjacent or contiguous distilled spirits plant, an accurately calibrated tank for measuring the wine is required on at least one of the premises. The volume of wine transferred will be recorded to the nearest whole gallon, five-tenths gallon being converted to the next full gallon. (Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1380, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5362))

§24.281 Consignor premises.

Prior to transferring wine in bond, the proprietor shall prepare a transfer record prescribed by §24.309. Except for multiple transfers as provided in §24.282, a transfer record will be prepared for each shipment. On completion of lading (or completion of transfer by pipeline), the proprietor shall retain one copy of the transfer record for the files and forward the original to the consignee (by the close of the next business day). (Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1380, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5362)

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512-0298)

[T.D. ATF-299, 55 FR 24989, June 19, 1990, as amended by T.D. ATF-312, 56 FR 31082, July 9, 1991]

§24.282 Multiple transfers.

(a) Truck. The proprietor may use one transfer record for all wine shipped by truck on the same day to other premises. The proprietor shall prepare a shipment or delivery order for each shipment showing date of transfer, name and address of the proprietor and consignee, number of cases or containers, serial numbers of cases (if any) or container identification marks, and quantity shipped in gallons or liters. A copy of the shipping or delivery order will be retained by the proprietor and a copy sent with the shipment. On completion of lading the last truck for the day, the proprietor shall prepare and